

review it every three years for the life of the plan.

Standards and Guidelines:

- Ground-disturbing activities shall not occur in identified Boreal toad breeding sites, unless to improve the habitat.
- A five-inch or greater stubble height of herbaceous species should be present within riparian management zones where aquatic At-Risk Animal species are known to occur.

Horn Mountain/Wildcat Knolls Management Area **Desired Conditions:**

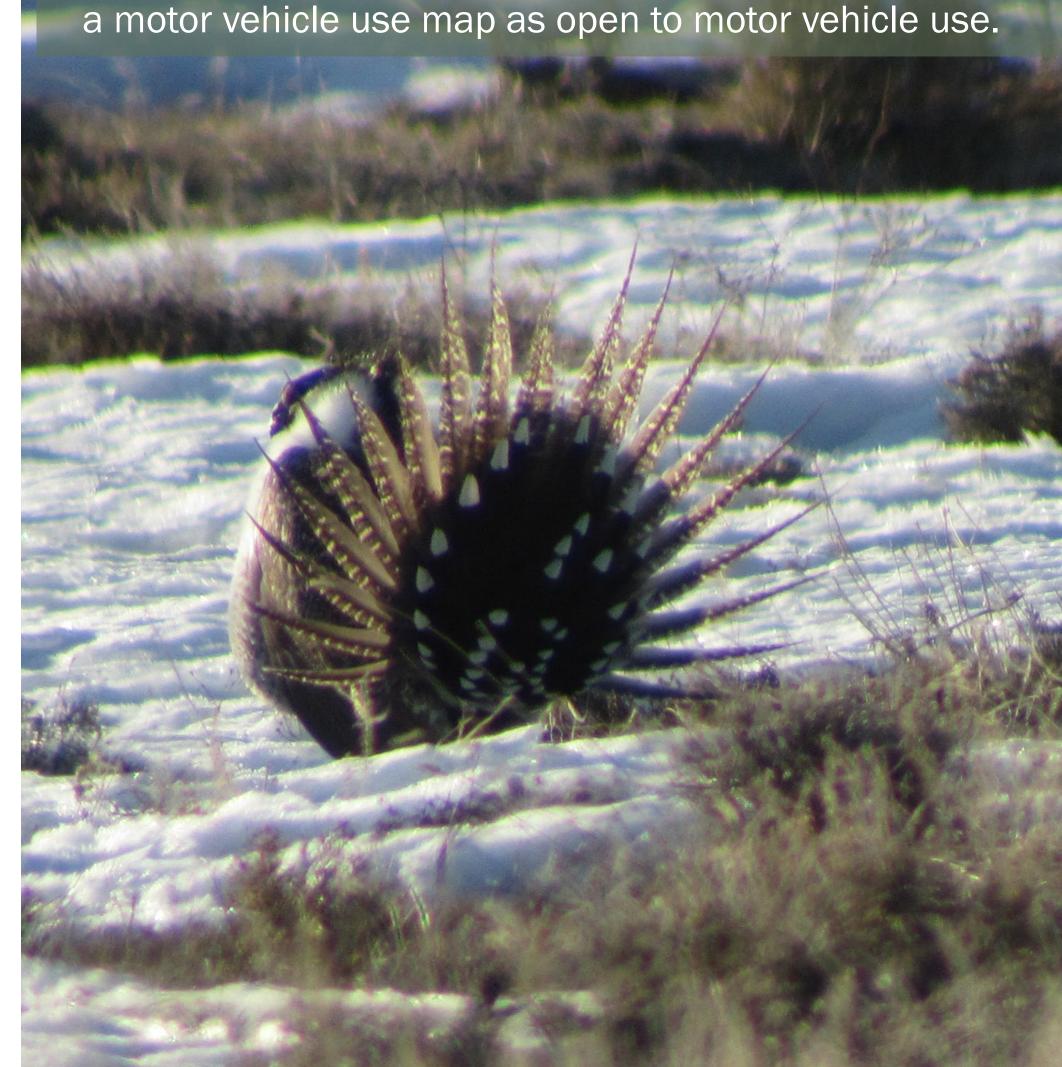
 Big game wintering animals and key winter range habitat are not disturbed by motorized travel.

Objectives:

 Treat a minimum of 100 acres of woodlands or shrubland vegetation groups every 10 years.

Standards and Guidelines:

 MManagement activities should avoid disturbance to big game on winter range during the winter closure period of January 1 through April 15, except for routes identified on



Questions or to Comment on the Draft Forest Plan:

online: fs.usda.gov/main/mantilasal/landmanagement/planning email: mlnfplanrevision@usda.gov

phone: 435-636-3508

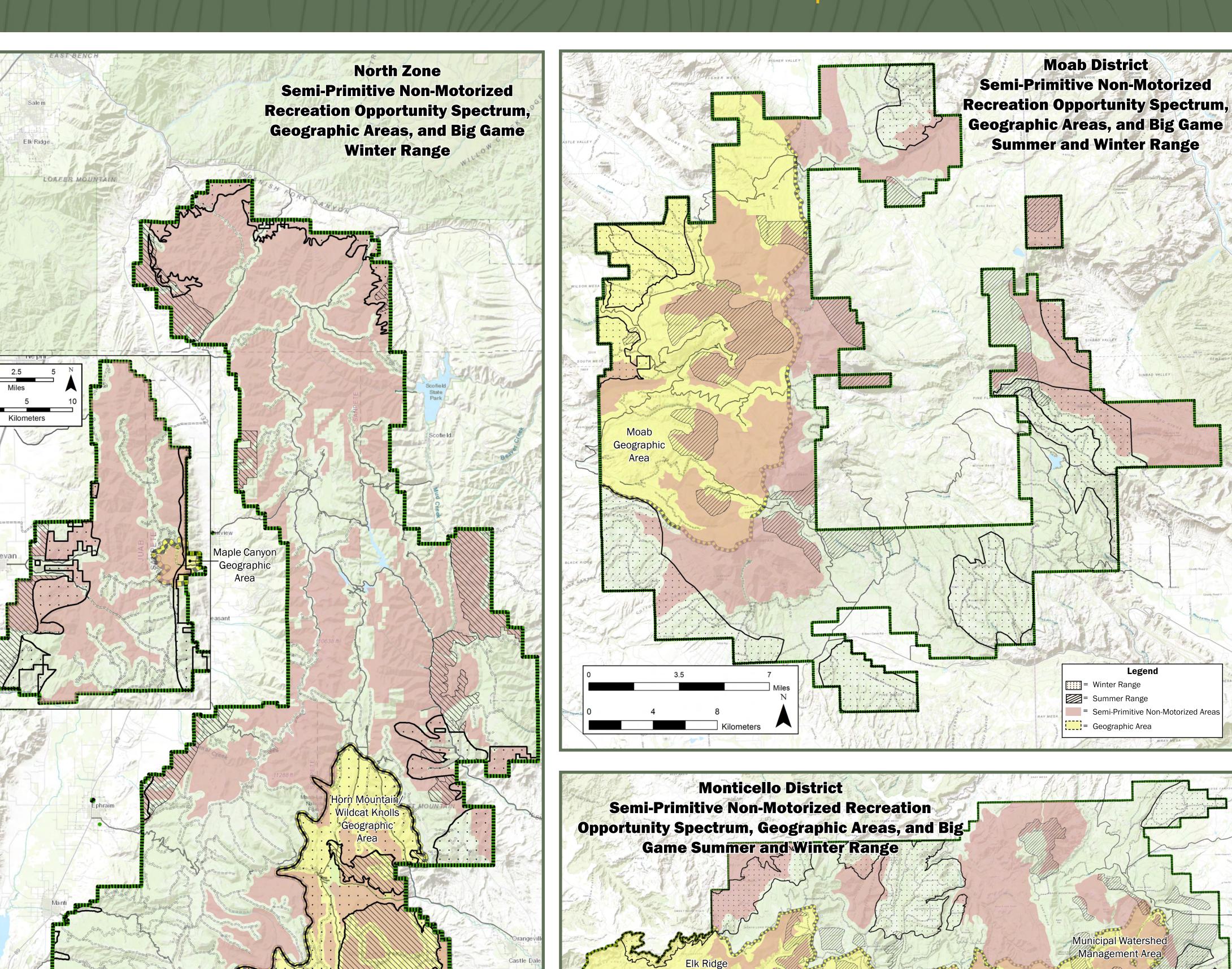
Manti-La Sal National Forest United States Department of Agriculture



When the current forest plan was signed... the Manti-La Sal elk population was about 4,390 now it's 15,500.

What else has changed?

- Sustained Drought
- Increased Visitation
- Increased Motorized Recreation
- Increased Mountain Bike Use
- Habitat Fragmentation from Increased Human Use
- Increased Pinyon-Juniper Woodland
- Loss of Aspen



Wildlife Management and At Risk Animal Species

Wildlife

Desired Conditions:

- Landscape patterns provide habitat connectivity for native species. Resulting habitat connectivity promotes daily and seasonal movement of animals to facilitate maintenance of genetic diversity.
- Nonindigenous or introduced wildlife species are only present where they can be supported by healthy, functioning ecosystems.

Standards and Guidelines:

- New fence installation or reconstruction should be sited and designed to minimize hazards to wildlife and barriers to wildlife movement.
- Introduced wildlife species should not be supported where their presence conflicts with management direction for that area, or habitat type, or may damage resources on Forest lands.
- Management actions should avoid disturbance to roosting, hibernating, or breeding bats in caves, mines, and other habitats known to be used by bats.



Elk Ridge Management Area **Desired Conditions:**

 Secure wildlife habitat and cultural resources are protected from expanding motorized access.

Standards and Guidelines:

= Summer Range

- Road density shall be maintained or decreased.
- Road corridor dispersed camping shall occur in designated sites only. Designated sites shall be located away from important wildlife corridors and cultural resources.
- Game cameras shall not be used unless authorized for management or research.
- Mexican spotted owl canyon nesting and roosting habitat, based on the most recent habitat models, shall be protected from disturbance during the breeding season, March 1 to August 30.

